

	Year R	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			READING P	PROVISION MAP			
PHONICS	Daily 20 min whole class session (Pre-school: daily group sessions (Phase 1)) Phonics intervention 4x weekly for identified pupils	Y1: Daily 30 min phonics session Phonics intervention 3x weekly for identified pupils	Y2: Assessment-based phonics revision in Autumn term then daily SPaG Phonics intervention 3x weekly for identified pupils	Year 3 children may receive daily whole-class phonics for the first term (based on assessment)  Some children are targeted for phonic intervention 3x weekly.			
INDIVIDUAL READING	All children read individually at least 2x weekly. Identified pupils/lowest 20% read every day	All Y1 pupils read with an adult 2x per week Identified pupils/lowest 20% read at least 4x per week	All Y2 pupils read with an adult 2x per week (one may be a group read) Identified pupils/lowest 20% read at least 4x per week Daily precision teaching for	Priority readers are heard in order to help move them on from scheme - identified pupils / lowest 20% read at least 4 times a week Targeted pupils undergo	Priority readers are heard in order to help move them on from scheme - identified pupils / lowest 20% read at least 4 times a week Targeted pupils undergo	Identified pupils / lowest 20% read 1:1 at least 3 times a week Targeted pupils undergo precision teaching at least 3 times a week	Identified pupils / lowest 20% read 1:1 at least 3 times a weel Targeted pupils undergo precision teaching at least 3 times a week
POST-SCHEME READING				Accelerated Reader banded books to ensure children are reading at an appropriate level. AR sessions 4x weekly	Accelerated Reader banded books to ensure children are reading at an appropriate level. AR sessions 4x weekly	Accelerated Reader banded books to ensure children are reading at an appropriate level. AR sessions 4x weekly	Accelerated Reader banded books to ensure children are reading at an appropriate level. AR sessions 4x weekly
GROUP READING			1 read per week may be a group read			Lowest 20% may do a guided reading session during WCR	
WHOLE CLASS READING	Variety of books based on topic, both for planned dialogic book talk and for enjoyment One of these books will be WCR using VIPERS Some will be linked to reading spine	Whole Class Reading 3x weekly Targeted VIPERS questioning used for specific books Some will be linked to reading spine	Whole Class Reading 3x weekly Targeted VIPERS questioning used for specific books Some will be linked to reading spine	Whole Class Reading 4x weekly. VIPERS questioning used to deepen knowledge of a range of texts with a focus on a specific skill each week. Some will be linked to reading spine	Whole Class Reading 4x weekly VIPERS questioning used to deepen knowledge of a range of texts with a focus on a specific skill each week. Some will be linked to reading spine	Whole Class Reading 4x weekly VIPERS questioning used to deepen knowledge of a range of texts with a focus on a specific skill each week. Increased focus on modelled and independent written answers. Some will be linked to reading spine	Whole Class Reading 4x weekh VIPERS questioning used to deepen knowledge of a range o texts with a focus on a specific skill each week Increased focus on modelled and independent written answers. Some will be linked to reading
READING FOR PLEASURE	Whole Class Story at least 2x daily (minimum) Some will be linked to reading spine Adults available in both N & R settings to read children's choice	At least 3 story times a day - books chosen by adults and children to develop love of reading (Questioning an embedded part of this process) Some will be linked to reading	At least 3 story times a day - books chosen by adults and children to develop love of reading (Questioning an embedded part of this process) Some will be linked to reading	Class books shared during story time with children, ideally daily. Some will be linked to reading spine.	Class books shared during story time with children, ideally daily. Some will be linked to reading spine.	Class books shared during story time with children, ideally daily. Some will be linked to reading spine.	Class books shared during stor time with children, ideally daily Some will be linked to reading spine.
READING ASSESSMENTS	Phonics Assessments half-termly	Phonics Assessments half-termly	Practice SATS papers (from January) Moderation assessments	Accelerated Reader assessments	Accelerated Reader assessments	Previous Y6 SATs papers twice a term Accelerated Reader assessments	Practice SATs papers (at least 3) termly and more regularly from January)
			PROGRESSION	IN READING RANGE			
BOOKS / RANGE OF TEXTS ETC	See Alverton Reading Spine / Reading Curriculum	See Alverton Reading Spine / Reading Curriculum	See Alverton Reading Spine / Reading Curriculum	See Alverton Reading Spine / Reading Curriculum	See Alverton Reading Spine / Reading Curriculum	See Alverton Reading Spine / Reading Curriculum	See Alverton Reading Spine / Reading Curriculum



RANGE OF READING	ELG 2021: Speaking – children at the expected level of development will:	listen to and discuss a wide range of poems, stories and non- fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read	listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level	listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or	listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or	continue to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non- fiction and	continue to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non- fiction and
Children should:	Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.  ELG 2021: People, Culture and Communities Children at the expected level of development will: - Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.  Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.  Explain some similarities and differences between life in this	independently	beyond that at which they can read independently	textbooks  read books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes e.g. cartoons (to share plot concisely) chapter books (to provide more detail) diaries (for viewpoint)	textbooks  read books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes e.g. comparing online and paper texts (appeal to the reader) comparing information books (Horrible Histories and Eyewitness books)	reference books or textbooks read books that are structured in different ways and read for a range of purposes e.g. comparing different approaches to recipes (formal/informal) autobiographies and biographies (viewpoint) make comparisons within and across books	reference books or textbooks read books that are structured in different ways and read for a range of purposes e.g.,timeslip stories, texts that provide information about a theme/topic from the past, present and future make comparisons within and across books
NON-FICTION  Children should:	listen to a wide range of non- fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently (Y1 NC)	listen to and discuss a wide range of non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently	be introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways	retrieve and record information from non-fiction texts	retrieve and record information from non-fiction texts	distinguish between statements of fact and opinion retrieve, record and present	distinguish between statements of fact and opinion retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction
POETRY AND PERFORMANCE Children should:	ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive Children at the expected level of development will: -  Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher  Sing a range of well-known	learn to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart  e.g. nursery rhymes, Surrounded by Noise (lan Souter) The Horseman (Walter de la Mare)	continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciate these and recite some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear  e.g. The Sound Collector (Roger McGough) Walking With My Iguana	prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action  e.g. Waves (Jackie Kay) The King's Breakfast (AA Milne) Up on the Downs and The Boneyard Rap	prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action to maintain the interest  e.g. From A Railway Carriage (RL Stevenson) How to Persuade Your Parents to Give You More Pocket	learn a wider range of poetry by heart, preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience  e.g. Night Mail (Auden) The	learn a wider range of poetry by heart, preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience and provokes a response.
	nursery rhymes and songs.  Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move		(Brian Moses) Daddy Fell into the Pond (Noyes)	(Wes Magee) recognise some different forms of poetry	Money (Andrea Shavick) recognise some different forms of poetry	Highwayman (Noyes)	The Clocks (Auden) recital of wel known speeches (Winston Churchill, Martin Luther King, Nelson Mandela)



	PROGRESSION IN DECODING									
DECODING Children should:	ELG 2021: Word Reading Children at the expected level of development will:  Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound- blending  Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words	apply phonic knowledge to decode words  read aloud phonically-decodable texts  re-read books to build fluency and confidence  read simple sentences and understand the meaning including what a pronoun is (extra)  speedily read all 40+ letters / groups for 40+ phonemes including alternative sounds for graphemes  read Year 1 common exception words noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound (identifying where they appear)  read polysyllabic words containing taught GPCs  read common suffixes (-s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est)  read contractions and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)  read accurately by blending	apply phonic decoding until automatic and reading is fluent read common suffixes (-ed, -ing, -er, -est, -y, -er, -ment, -ful, -ness, -less, -ly re-read books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading note punctuation to read with appropriate expression read accurately by blending, including alternative sounds for graphemes read Year 2 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences read aloud books matched to phonic knowledge by sounding out unfamiliar words automatically read polysyllabic words containing above graphemes read most words quickly & accurately without overt sounding and blending	apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet  read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word	apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes(morphology and etymology), both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word	apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet	apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet			

### PROGRESSION IN COMPREHENSION



VOCABULARY	ELG: Comprehension Children at the expected level of	discuss word meanings and link new meanings to words already known	discuss and clarify the meanings of words and link new meanings to	use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they	use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they	use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they	use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they
Children should:	development will:	known	known vocabulary	have read	have read	have read	have read
	Demonstrate understanding of		discuss their favourite words and		Additional VIPERS:	Additional VIPERS:	Additional VIPERS:
	what has been read to them by	Additional VIPERS:	phrases	Additional VIPERS:	Use a thesaurus to find	Explore the meaning of words in	Evaluate how the authors' use
	retelling stories and narratives	Draw upon knowledge of		Discuss words that capture the	synonyms. Discuss why words	context, confidently using a	language impacts upon the
	using their own words and	vocabulary in order to	Additional VIPERS:	readers interest or imagination.	have been chosen and the effect	dictionary.	reader.
	recently introduced vocabulary.	understand the text.	Recognise some recurring language in stories and poems.	Identify how language choices help build meaning.	these have on the reader.	Discuss how the author's choice	Find examples of figurative
	Use and understand recently	Join in with predictable phrases.	in stories and poems.		Explain how words can capture	of language impacts the reader.	language and how this impact
	introduced vocabulary during			Find the meaning of new words	the interest of the reader.		the reader and contributes to
	discussions about stories, non-	Use vocabulary given by the		using substitution within a		Evaluate the authors use of	meaning or mood.
	fiction, rhymes and poems and	teacher		_	Discuss new and unusual	language.	
	during role-play.			sentence.	vocabulary and clarify the		Discuss how presentation and
		Discuss his/her favourite words			meaning of these.	Investigate alternative word	structure contribute to meaning
	ELG: Speaking Children at the	and phrases			Find the meaning of new words	choices that could be made.	
	expected level of development				using the context of the		Explore the meaning of words
	will:				sentence.	Begin to look at the use of	context by 'reading around the
						figurative language.	word' and independently
	Participate in small group, class						explore its meaning in the
	and one-to-one discussions,					Use a thesaurus to find	broader context of a section or
	offering their own ideas, using					synonyms for a larger variety of	paragraph.
	recently introduced vocabulary					words.	
						Re-write passages using	
	Offer explanations for why					alternative word choices.	
	things might happen, making						
	use of recently introduced					Read around the word and	
	vocabulary from stories, non-					explore its meaning in the	
VOCABULARY	What does the word mean?	What does the word	Can you find a noun/adjective/verb	What does this word/phrase/	Can you find the meaning or a	Can you quickly findin the	What does this word/phrase/
	Find a word that means the	mean in this sentence?	that tells/shows you that?	sentence tell you about the	word with a similar meaning in	dictionary and thesaurus?	sentence tell you about the
Suggested	same as	Find and copy a word which	Why do you think that the author	character/setting/mood? Can	_	What does this word/phrase/	character/setting/mood? By
	Which words tell us about how	means	used the word to describe?		a dictionary or thesaurus?	sentence tell you about the	writing, what effect has the
Question Stems	the character is feeling?	Which word in do you think is	Which other word on this page	you find this word in the	What does this word/phrase/	character/setting/mood? By	author created? Do you think
	Can you use another word that	the most important? Why?	means the same as?	dictionary?	sentence tell you about the	writing, what effect has the	they intended to?
	means?	Which of the words best	Find an adjective in the text which	By writing in this way, what	character/setting/mood? By	author created? Do you think	Can you find examples of simil
		describes the character or	describes	effect has the author created?	writing, what effect has the	they intended to?	metaphor, hyperbole or
		setting?	Which word do you think is most	What other words/phrases	author created?	What other words/phrases	personification in the text?
		Which word in this part do you	important in this section? Why?	could the author have used	Do you think they intended to?	could the author have used	Why has the text been
		think is the most important?	Which word best describes?	here?	What other words/phrases	here? Why? How has the author	organised in this way? Would
		Why do you think they repeat		How has the author made you	could the author have used here? Why? How has the	made you/this character feel by	you have done it differently?
		this word in the story?		feel by writing? Which word tells you that?	author?	writing? Why? Find and	What other words/phrases
				Find and highlight the word that	Which word is closest in	highlight the word which is	could the author have used
				is closest in meaning to	meaning to?	closest in meaning to	here? Why? How has the auth
				is closest in meaning to	meaning to!	Find a word which	made you/this character feel I
						demonstrates Can you rewrite	writing? Why?
						this in the style of the author	
						using your own words? How have simile and metaphor been	
						nave simile and metaphor been	



INFERENCE Children should:	ELG: Speaking Children at the expected level of development will:  Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.	discuss the significance of the title and events  make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done e.g. I think Red Riding Hood was scared because the wolf was frightening  Additional VIPERS: children make basic inferences about characters' feelings by using what they say as evidence.	make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done e.g. I think something bad will happen to Hansel and Gretal because they've been left on their own answer and ask questions  Additional Vipers: answer and ask questions and modify answers as the story progresses  Infer basic points and begin, with support, to pick up on subtler references	draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions e.g. I think the boy really misses his dad because he cries when he sees his friends with their dads justify inferences with evidence Additional Vipers:  Make inferences about actions or events	draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions e.g. I think Leon volunteers because he wants to prove that magic is real justify inferences with evidence  Additional Vipers: Consolidate the skill of justifying them using a specific reference point in the text.  Use more than one piece of evidence to justify their answer.	draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justify inferences with evidence themes and characters' and authors' viewpoints e.g. Tom is scared to move house because he doesn't pack; he leaves his favourite toy behind on purpose and he's always anxious  Additional Vipers: Make inferences about actions, feelings, events or states.  Use figurative language to infer meaning.  Give one or two pieces of evidence to support the point they are making.  Begin to draw evidence from	draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justify inferences with evidence Draw inferences across texts about characters' viewpoints, authors' viewpoints and themes e.g. soldiers were disillusioned with the war because the reality was different from what they'd been told.  Additional Vipers: drawing inferences such as inferring Discuss how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues.  Make inferences about events, feelings, states backing these up with evidence.
INFERENCE Suggested Question Stems	Why was feeling? Why did happen? Can you tell me about? How does make you feel?	What do you thinkmeans? Why do you think that? How do you think? When do you think? Where do you think. ? How does	What do you think means? Why do you think that? Why do you think? How do you think? When do you think? Where do you think? How has the author made us think that?	What do you think means? Why do you think that? Why do you think? How do you think? Can you explain why? What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? Find and copy a group of words which show? How does the description of show that they are? Who is telling the story? Why has the character done this at this time?	What do you think means? Why do you think that? Could it be anything else? I think; do you agree? Why / why not? How do you think? Can you explain why? Can you explain why based on two different pieces of evidence? What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? Find and copy a group of words which show that What impression ofdo you get from this paragraph?	What do you think means? Why do you think that? Could it be anything else? I think; do you agree? Why/ why not? Why do you think the author? decided to? Can you explain why? Can you give me evidence from somewhere else in the text? What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? How does the author make you feel? What impression do you get from these paragraphs?	What do you think means? Why do you think that? Could it be anything else? I think; do you agree? Why/ why not? Why do you think the author decided to? Can you explain why? What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? How do other people's descriptions ofshow that? Where else in the text can we find the answer to this question?



PREDICTION Children should:	ELG 2021: Comprehension Children at the expected level of development will:  Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories.	predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far  Additional VIPERS: Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in terms of story, character and plot.  Make simple predictions based on the story and on their own life experience.  Begin to explain these ideas verbally or though pictures.	predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far  Additional VIPERS: Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read in terms of plot, character and language so far.  Make predictions using their own knowledge as well as what has happened so far to make logical predictions and give explanations of them.	predict what might happen from details stated and implied  Additional VIPERS: Justify predictions using evidence from the text.  Use relevant prior knowledge to make predictions and justify them. Use details from the text to form further predictions.	predict what might happen from details stated and implied  Additional VIPERS: Justify predictions using evidence from the text.  Use relevant prior knowledge as well as details from the text to form predictions and to justify them.  Monitor these predictions and compare them with the text as they read on.	predict what might happen from details stated and implied  Additional VIPERS: Support predictions with relevant evidence from the text.  Confirm and modify predictions as they read on.	predict what might happen from details stated and implied  Additional VIPERS: Support predictions by using relevant evidence from the text.  Confirm and modify predictions in light of new information.
PREDICTION  Suggested  Question Stems	What do you think the book is about?  What is happening?  What do you think will happen next?  Why do you think that?	Looking at the cover and the title, what do you think this book is about? Where do you thinkwill go next? What do you think will say / do next? What do you think this book will be about? Why? How do you think that this will end? Who do you think has done it? What mightsay about that? Can you draw what might	Where do you think will go next? What do you think will say/do next? What do you think this book will be about? Why? How do you think that this will end? What makes you say that? Who do you think has done it? What might say about that? How does the choice of character affect what will happen next?	Can you think of another story with a similar theme? Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way? Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story? What happened before this and what do you think will happen after? Do you think the setting will have an impact on plot moving forward?	Can you think of another text with a similar theme? How do their plots differ? Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way? Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story? What does this paragraph suggest what will happen next? Do you think will happen? Explain your answers with evidence from the text.	Can you think of another story with a similar theme? How do their plots differ? Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way? Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story?	Can you think of another story with a similar theme? How do their plots differ? Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way? Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story?
EXPLAIN	Who do you like best? Why? Would you like to be in the story? Why or why not? Would you like to change the story?	Is there anything you would change about this story? What do you like about this text? Who is your favourite character? Why?	What is similar/different about two characters? Explain why did that Is this as good as? Which is better and why? Does the picture help us? How? What would you do if you were? Would you like to live in this setting? Why? Is there anything you would change about this story? Do you agree with the author's? Why?	What is similar/different about two characters? Explain why did that. Describe different characters' reactions to the same event. Is this as good as? Which is better and why? Why do you think they chose to order the text in this way? What is the purpose of this text and who do you think it was written for? What is the author's viewpoint? How do you know? How are these two sections in the text linked?	What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that? Explain why did that. Describe different characters' reactions to the same event. Is this as good as? Which is better and why? What can you tell me about how this text is organised? Why is the text arranged in this way? What is the purpose of this text and who is the audience? How does the author engage the reader here? Which section was the most? Why?	What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that? Explain why did that. Describe different characters' reactions to the same event. Does this story have a moral? Which is better and why? How is the text organised and what impact does this have on you as a reader? Why has the text been written this way? How can you tell whether it is fact and opinion? How is this text similar to the writing we have been doing? How does the author engage the audience?	What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that? Explain why did that. Describe different characters' reactions to the same event. Does this story have a moral? Which is better and why? Can you identify where the author has shown bias towards a particular character? Is it fact or is it opinion? How do you know? How does the author make you feel at this point in the story? Why did they do that? Can you explain it in a different way?



	ELG 2021: Speaking Children at the expected level of development will:  Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.  Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when	participate in discussion about what is read to them by taking turns and listening to what others say explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them  Additional VIPERS: Give my opinion including likes and dislikes (not no objective).	participate in discussion about books, poems & other works that are read to them & those that they can read for themselves by taking turns and listening to what others say  Additional VIPERS: Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for	participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves by taking turns and listening to what others say  Additional VIPERS: Discussing the features of a wide range of fiction, poetry,	participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves by taking turns and listening to what others say  Additional VIPERS: Discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's	recommend books that they have read to their peers and giving reasons for their choices participate in discussions about books, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously	recommend books that they have read to their peers and giving reasons for their choices  participate in discussions about books, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously
	appropriate.  ELG 2021: Comprehension Children at the expected level of development will: - Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.	Link what they read or hear to their own experiences.  Express views about events or characters.	themselves.  Express my own views about a book or poem.  Discuss some similarities between books.  Listen to the opinion of others.	plays, non-fiction and reference books.  Identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning of both fiction and non-fiction texts.  Recognise authorial choices and the purpose of these.	interest and imagination. Identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning.  Recognise authorial choices and the purpose of these.	explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates provide reasoned justifications for their views  Additional VIPERS: Begin to distinguish between fact and opinion.  Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.  Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader.	explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates provide reasoned justification for their views  Additional VIPERS: Give reasons for authorial choices.  Begin to distinguish between fact and opinion.  Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.  Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, considering figurative language, considering the impact on the reader.
EXPLAIN (AUTHORIAL INTENT) Children should:				discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination identify how language, structure, and presentation	discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination identify how language, structure, and presentation	identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including	identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including



RETRIEVAL / UNDERSTANDING Children should:	ELG 2021: Listening, Attention and Understanding Children at the expected level of development will:  Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.  Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.  Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.  ELG: Speaking Children at the expected level of development will:  Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate;	draw on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher  be encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences  check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct inaccurate reading  answer simple retrieval questions about a text and find evidence to support answers (Extra)  Additional VIPERS Retrieval: Answer a question about what has just happened in a story.  Develop their knowledge of retrieval through images.  Recognize characters, events, titles and information.  Recognize differences between fiction and non-fiction texts.  Retrieve information by finding a few key words.	discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related draw on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher make links between a current book and those already read check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct inaccurate reading Additional VIPERS Retrieval: Independently read and answer simple questions about what they have just read.  Asking and answering retrieval questions.  Draw on previously taught knowledge.  Remember significant event and key information about the text that they have read.  Monitor their reading, checking words that they have decoded, to ensure that they fit within the text they have already read.	check that the text makes sense to them, discuss their understanding and explain the meaning of words in context ask questions to improve their understanding of a text identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these identify morals and messages in a story  Additional VIPERS Retrieval: Use contents page and subheadings to locate information.  Learn the skill of 'skim and scan' to retrieve details.  Begin to use quotations from the text.  Retrieve and record information from a fiction text.	check that the text makes sense to them, discuss their understanding and explain the meaning of words in context ask questions to improve their understanding of a text identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these identify morals and messages in a story  Additional VIPERS Retrieval: Confidently skim and scan texts to record details.  Using relevant quotes to support their answers to questions.  Retrieve and record information from a fiction or non-fiction text.	check that the book makes sense to them, discuss their understanding and explore the meaning of words in context ask questions to improve their understanding summarise the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details to support the main ideas  Additional VIPERS Retrieval: Confidently skim and scan, and also use the skill of reading before and after to retrieve information.  Use evidence from across larger sections of text.  Read a broader range of texts including myths, legends, stories from other cultures, modern fiction and archaic texts.  Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction texts.  Ask my own questions and follow a line of enquiry.	check that the book makes sense to them, discuss their understanding and explore the meaning of words in context ask questions to improve their understanding summarise the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details to support the main ideas Additional VIPERS Retrieval: Children confidently skim and scan, and also use the skill of reading before and after to retrieve information.  They use evidence from across whole chapters or texts  Read a broader range of texts including myths, legends, stories from other cultures, modern fiction, plays, poetry and archaic texts.  Retrieve, record and present information from a wide variety of non-fiction texts.  Ask my own questions and follow a line of enquiry.
RETRIEVAL / UNDERSTANDING Suggested Question Stems	What is this book about?  Who did  Where did  What did you find out about?	Who is your favourite character? Why do you think all the main characters are in this book? Would you like to live in this setting? Why/why not? Who is/are the main character(s)? When/where is this story set? Which is your favourite/worst/ funniest/scariest part of the story? Is this a fiction or a non-fiction book? How do you know?	Who is/are the main character(s)? When/where is this story set? How do you know? Which is your favourite/worst/ funniest/ scariest part of the story? Why? Tell me three facts you have learned from the text. Find the part where What type of text is this? What happened to in the end of the story?	Who are the characters in this text? When / where is this story set? How do you know? Which part of the story best describes the setting? What do you think is happening here? What might this mean? How might I find the information quickly? What can I use to help me navigate this book? How would you describe the story? Whose perspective is the story told from?	Find the in this text. Is it anywhere else? When/where is this story set? How do you know? Find the part of the story that best describes the setting. What do you think is happening here? Why? What might this mean? Whose perspective is the story told by and how do you know? How can you use the subheading to help you here?	Find the in this text. Is it anywhere else? When/where is this story set? Find evidence in the text. Find the part of the story that best describes the setting. What do you think is happening here? Why? Who is telling this story? Can you skim/scan quickly to find the answer?	Find the in this text. Is it anywhere else? Can you skim the next and find me the answer to? When/where is this story set? Find evidence in the text. Find the part of the story that best describes the setting. What do you think is happening here? Why? Who is telling this story? What genre is? Can you look at these other texts and find me what is similar and what is different?



SEQUENCING KS1	ELG 2021: Comprehension	recognise and join in with	become increasingly familiar with	increase their familiarity with a	increase their familiarity with a	increase their familiarity with a	increase their familiarity with a
SUMMARISING	Children at the expected level of	predictable phrases	and retell a wider range of stories,	wide range of books, including	wide range of books, including	wide range of books, including	wide range of books, including
KS2	development will:		fairy stories and traditional tales	fairy stories, myths and legends,	fairy stories, myths and legends,	myths, legends and traditional	myths, legends and traditional
(FAMILIARITY	Daniel attack and an extending of	become very familiar with key		and	and	stories, modern fiction, fiction	stories, modern fiction, fiction
•	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by	stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them	recognise simple recurring literary	retell some of these orally	retell some of these orally	from our literary heritage, and books	from our literary heritage, and books
WITH TEXTS)	retelling stories and narratives	and considering their particular	language in stories and poetry	identify themes and conventions	identify themes and conventions	from other cultures and	from other cultures and
	using their own words and	characteristics		in a wide range of books	in a wide range of books	traditions	traditions
Children should:	recently introduced vocabulary	Characteristics	Additional Sequencing VIPERS:	in a wide range or books	in a wide range or books	traditions	i danasiis
	,,	Additional Sequencing VIPERS:	Discuss the sequence of events in	Additional Summarising VIPERS:		identify and discuss themes and	identify and discuss themes ar
	Understanding the World ELG:	Retell familiar stories orally e.g	books and how items of information	Identifying main ideas drawn		conventions in and across a	conventions in and across a
	Past and Present Children at the	fairy stories and traditional	are related.	from a key paragraph or page	Additional Summarising VIPERS:	wide range of writing	wide range of writing
	expected level of development	tales.		and summarising these.	Use skills developed in year 3 in		
	will:		Retell using a wider variety of story		order to write a brief summary	Additional Summarising VIPERS:	Additional Summarising VIPERS
		Sequence the events of a story	language.	Begin to distinguish between	of main points, identifying and	Summarising the main ideas	Summarise information from
	Know some similarities and	they are familiar with.		the important and less	using important information.	drawn from more than one	across a text and link
	differences between things in		Order events from the text.	important information in a text.		paragraph, page, chapter or the	information by analysing and
	the past and now, drawing on	Begin to discuss how events are			Identifying main ideas drawn	entire text identifying key details	evaluating ideas between
	their experiences and what has been read in class.	linked.	Begin to discuss how events are	Give a brief verbal summary of a	from more than one paragraph.	to support the main ideas.	sections of the text.
	been read in class.		linked focusing on the main content of the story.	story.	Summarise whole paragraphs,	Make connections between	Summarising the main ideas
	Understand the past through		of the story.	Teachers begin to model how to	chapters or texts	information across the text and	drawn from more than one
	settings, characters and events			record summary writing.	chapters of texts	include this is an answer.	paragraph, identifying key
	encountered in books read in			, and a second second	Highlight key information and		details to support the main
	class and storytelling			Identify themes from a wide	record it in bullet points,		ideas.
				range of books.	diagrams, maps etc		
							Summarise entire texts, in
				Make simple notes from one			addition to chapters or
SEQUENCING KS1	How did the story start?	What happens in the beginning	What happens in the story's	What is the main point in this	What is the main point in this	What is the main point in this	What is the main point of the
SUMMARISING	·	of the story?	opening?	paragraph?	paragraph?	paragraph?	text? • Can you look in this
	What happened next?	Can you number these events	How/where does the story start?	Sum up what has happened so	Is it mentioned anywhere else?	Is it mentioned anywhere else?	paragraph? What does the
KS2		in the story?	What happened at the end of the?	far in X words or less.	Sum up what has happened so	Sum up what has happened so	author mean? Is it mentioned
	How does the story end?	How/where does the story	What is the dilemma in this story?	Which is the most important	far in X words/seconds or less.	far in words/seconds or less.	anywhere else? • Sum up wha
Suggested		start?	How is it resolved? Can you retell the	point in these paragraphs?	Which is the most important	Which is the most important	has happened so far in word
Question Stems		What happened at the end of	story to me in 20 words or less?	Do any sections/paragraphs	point in these paragraphs?	point in these paragraphs?	seconds or less. • Can you read
		the?	Can you summarise in 3 sentences	deal with the same themes?	Why?	Why?	the text and summarise what
		Can you retell the story to me     in 20 words or loss?	the beginning, middle and end of	Have you noticed any	Do any sections/paragraphs	Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes?	has happened? • Which is the
		in 20 words or less?	this story?	similarities between this text	deal with the same themes?		most important point in these
		What happened before that?     Can you sequence the key		and any others you have read? What do I need to jot down to	How might I record this to ensure the best possible	Can you find a text with a similar theme?	paragraphs? Why? • Do any sections/paragraphs deal with
		moments in this story?		remember what I have read?	outcome?	Siliniai tilelle!	the same themes?
		moments in this story?		remember what I have read r	outcome:		the same themes?